



**Target relapsed refractory
multiple myeloma at the cell core
with XPOVIO® (selinexor)**

The first and only FDA-approved
oral medicine of its kind

WHAT IS XPOVIO?

XPOVIO is a prescription medicine, taken along with the medicine dexamethasone, used to treat adults with multiple myeloma (MM) that has come back (relapsed) or that did not respond to previous treatment (refractory), and:

- who have received at least 4 prior therapies, **and**
- their disease is refractory to at least 2 proteasome inhibitors, at least 2 immunomodulatory agents, and an anti-CD38 monoclonal antibody medicine.

It is not known if XPOVIO is safe and effective in children less than 18 years of age.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout, and full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide.

XPOVIO[®]
(selinexor) 20 mg
tablet



IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

XPOVIO® (selinexor) can cause serious side effects, including:

- Low platelet counts are common with XPOVIO and can lead to bleeding, which can be severe and can sometimes cause death. Your healthcare provider may prescribe platelet transfusions or other treatments for your low platelet counts.

Tell your healthcare provider right away if you have any bleeding or easy bruising during treatment with XPOVIO.

- Low white blood cell counts are common with XPOVIO and can sometimes be severe. You may have an increased risk of getting bacterial infections during treatment with XPOVIO. Your healthcare provider may prescribe antibiotics if you have signs or symptoms of infection, or certain medicines to help increase your white blood cell count if needed.

Your healthcare provider will do blood tests before you start taking XPOVIO, and often during the first 2 months of treatment, and then as needed during treatment to monitor you for side effects.

Your healthcare provider may change your dose of XPOVIO, stop your treatment for a period of time, or completely stop your treatment if you have certain side effects during treatment with XPOVIO.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout, and full [Prescribing Information](#) and [Medication Guide](#).

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Table of contents:

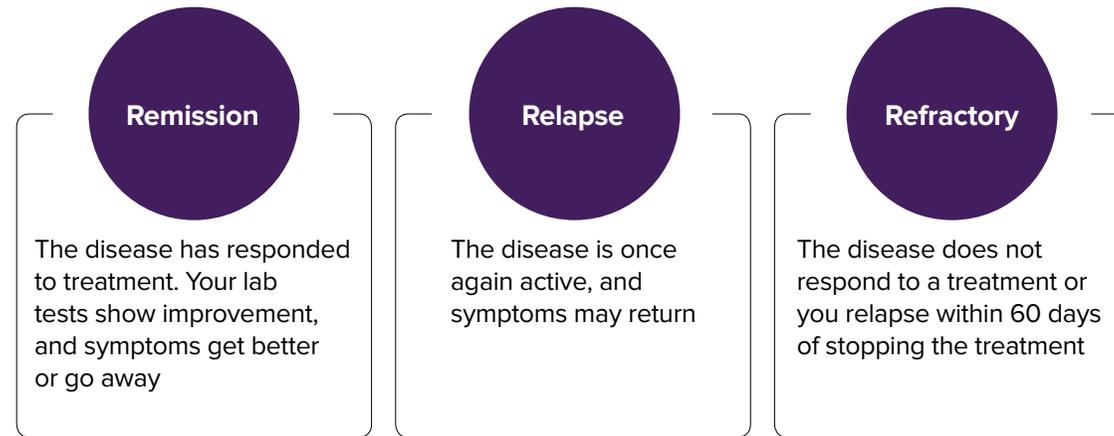
What is relapsed refractory multiple myeloma?	4
Why XPOVIO® (selinexor)?	5
What is XPO1?	6
How does XPOVIO work to block XPO1?	7
How did people respond to treatment with XPOVIO + dexamethasone?	8
What are the possible side effects with XPOVIO + dexamethasone?	9
How do I take XPOVIO + dexamethasone?	10
What else should I know about taking XPOVIO + dexamethasone?	11
What should I ask my healthcare team before taking XPOVIO?	12
What support and resources are available?	13
For caregivers: How do I take care of myself when I'm caring for someone taking XPOVIO?	14
For caregivers: What else should I know about caring for someone taking XPOVIO?	15

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What is relapsed refractory multiple myeloma (RRMM)?

If you've been living with multiple myeloma (MM) for some time now, you probably know a lot about the disease. You've been through periods of disease remission and relapse, and you may be refractory to some treatments.



Over time, MM may become refractory to many different types of treatments. When this happens, your doctor may start you on another type of treatment.

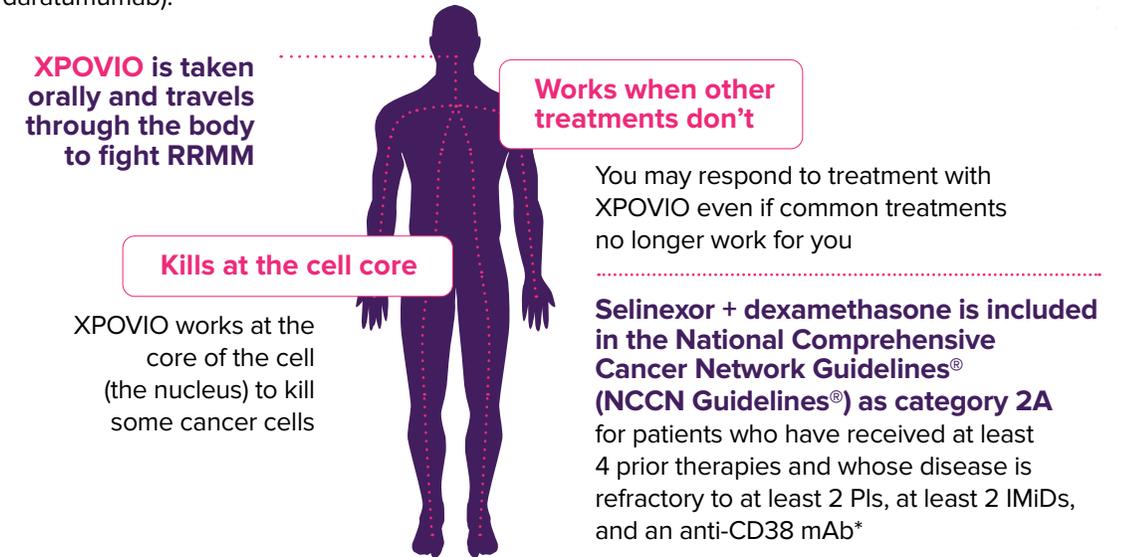


RRMM can be challenging to treat when the disease has stopped responding to multiple types of therapies.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout, and full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide.

Why XPOVIO® (selinexor)?

XPOVIO is the only FDA-approved medicine of its kind that may treat RRMM when it has stopped responding to other types of treatment (lenalidomide, pomalidomide, bortezomib, carfilzomib, and daratumumab).



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IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

- Nausea and vomiting are common with XPOVIO and can sometimes be severe. Nausea and vomiting may affect your ability to eat and drink well. You can lose too much body fluid and body salts (electrolytes) and may be at risk for becoming dehydrated. You may need to receive intravenous (IV) fluids or other treatments to help prevent dehydration. Your healthcare provider will prescribe anti-nausea medicines for you to take before you start and during treatment with XPOVIO.

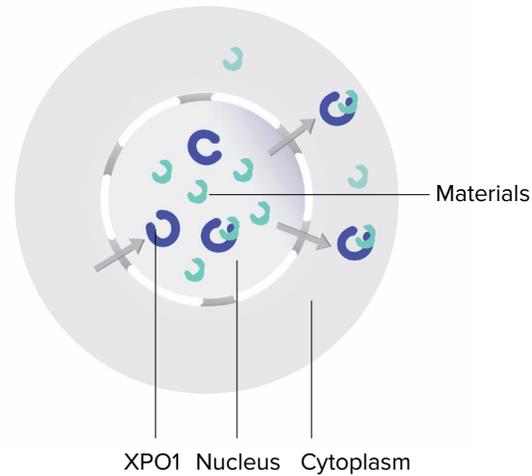
Please see Important Safety Information throughout, and full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide.



What is XPO1?

Healthy cells

Healthy cells have a protein called XPO1 that is responsible for carrying important materials in and out of the core of the cell (the nucleus). Many of these materials can help fight cancer, but only when they are inside the nucleus.



For illustrative purposes only.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

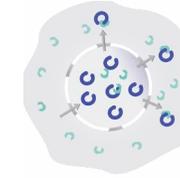
- Diarrhea is common with XPOVIO® (selinexor) and can sometimes be severe. You can lose too much body fluid and body salts (electrolytes) and may be at risk for becoming dehydrated. You may need to receive IV fluids or other treatments to help prevent dehydration. Your healthcare provider will prescribe anti-diarrhea medicine for you as needed.
- Loss of appetite and weight loss are common with XPOVIO and can sometimes be severe. Tell your healthcare provider if you have a decrease or loss of appetite and if you notice that you are losing weight. Your healthcare provider may prescribe medicines that can help increase your appetite or prescribe other kinds of nutritional support.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout, and full [Prescribing Information](#) and [Medication Guide](#).

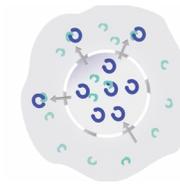
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How does XPOVIO® (selinexor) work to block XPO1?

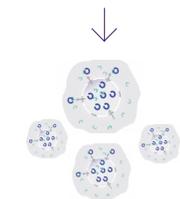
Some cancer cells have too much XPO1



Some cancer cells not exposed to XPOVIO



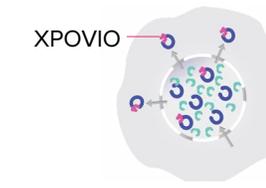
XPO1 takes too much of the materials that fight cancer out of the nucleus.



cancer cell growth and survival

For illustrative purposes only.

Some cancer cells exposed to XPOVIO



XPOVIO targets and blocks XPO1

XPO1 can no longer carry the important anti-cancer materials out of the nucleus. These materials accumulate in the nucleus.



cancer cell death

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

- Decreased sodium levels in your blood is common with XPOVIO but can also sometimes be severe. You may not have any symptoms. Your healthcare provider may talk with you about your diet and prescribe IV fluids or salt tablets for you based on the sodium levels in your blood.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout, and full [Prescribing Information](#) and [Medication Guide](#).

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How did people respond to treatment with XPOVIO® (selinexor) + dexamethasone?

In the clinical trial, 122 adults with RRMM were treated with XPOVIO 80 mg + dexamethasone 20 mg on Days 1 and 3 of every week. The approval was based upon results in a subgroup of 83 people whose disease no longer responded to bortezomib, carfilzomib, lenalidomide, pomalidomide, and daratumumab.



1 in 4 people
responded to treatment
with XPOVIO + dexamethasone



4 weeks

was when responses
were generally seen



3.8 months

was the median time
responses lasted

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

- Infections are common with XPOVIO and can be serious and can sometimes cause death. XPOVIO can cause infections including upper respiratory tract infections, pneumonia, and an infection throughout your body (sepsis). **Tell your healthcare provider right away if you have any signs or symptoms of an infection such as cough, chills or fever, during treatment with XPOVIO.**

Please see Important Safety Information throughout, and full [Prescribing Information](#) and [Medication Guide](#).



What are the possible side effects with XPOVIO® (selinexor) + dexamethasone?

Serious side effects	Common side effects
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Low platelet counts • Low white blood cell counts • Nausea • Vomiting • Diarrhea • Loss of appetite • Weight loss • Decreased sodium levels in your blood • Infections • Neurological side effects 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tiredness • Low red blood cell count (anemia) • Constipation • Shortness of breath <p>These are not all the possible side effects of XPOVIO.</p> <p>Call your healthcare provider for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to the FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or fda.gov/medwatch.</p>



In the clinical trial, people took XPOVIO + dexamethasone for a median of 8 weeks, with some as long as 60 weeks.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

- XPOVIO can cause dizziness, fainting, decreased alertness, and changes in your mental status including confusion and decreased awareness of things around you (delirium). These problems can sometimes be severe. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you get any of these signs or symptoms.
- **Do not** drive or operate machinery until you know how XPOVIO affects you. XPOVIO may cause dizziness and confusion.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout, and full [Prescribing Information](#) and [Medication Guide](#).



How do I take XPOVIO® (selinexor) + dexamethasone?

The recommended starting dose is 80 mg (four 20-mg tablets) of XPOVIO and 20 mg of dexamethasone taken by mouth on Days 1 and 3 of each week, or as directed by your doctor.

Days 1 and 3 depend on which day of the week you start XPOVIO. For example, if you start XPOVIO on Tuesday, Tuesday is Day 1 and Thursday is Day 3.

Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	Day 6	Day 7
<p>XPOVIO 80 mg</p>  <p>20 mg tablet x 4 + dexamethasone 20 mg</p>		<p>XPOVIO 80 mg</p>  <p>20 mg tablet x 4 + dexamethasone 20 mg</p>				



Take XPOVIO and dexamethasone exactly as your healthcare provider prescribes.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

Common side effects of XPOVIO include:

- tiredness
- low red blood cell count (anemia). Symptoms may include tiredness and shortness of breath.
- constipation
- shortness of breath

These are not all of the possible side effects of XPOVIO. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout, and full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide.



What else should I know about taking XPOVIO® (selinexor) + dexamethasone?

-  • Talk to your healthcare provider before you change your dose or stop taking XPOVIO
-  • Swallow XPOVIO whole with water. Never break, chew, crush, or divide the tablets
-  • Take any medicines your healthcare provider prescribes for nausea/vomiting before and during treatment with XPOVIO. Tell your healthcare provider if the medicines don't help with these side effects
-  • Drink enough fluids during treatment to prevent dehydration

-  • Eat enough calories to prevent weight loss during treatment
-  • If you miss a dose of XPOVIO, take your next dose at your next regularly scheduled day and time
-  • If you vomit after taking a dose of XPOVIO, do not take an extra dose. Take your next dose at your next regularly scheduled day and time
-  • If you take too much XPOVIO, call your healthcare provider right away
-  • Do not share your XPOVIO prescription with other people



Always ask your healthcare provider any questions you may have about treatment with XPOVIO.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

Before taking XPOVIO, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- have or have had a recent or active infection
- have or have had bleeding problems
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. XPOVIO can harm your unborn baby.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout, and full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide.



What should I ask my healthcare team before taking XPOVIO® (selinexor)?

- 1 Which anti-nausea medicine will I take prior to treatment with XPOVIO?
- 2 How often will I need a blood test while taking XPOVIO?
- 3 How do I ensure I stay hydrated while taking XPOVIO?
- 4 Should I expect to lose weight while taking XPOVIO? How much?
- 5 Will my dose be changed throughout treatment with XPOVIO?
- 6 How will my side effects be managed?
- 7 What should I do if I have a new side effect or symptom?
- 8 What should I know if I'm taking other medications?

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

XPOVIO may cause fertility problems in males and females, which may affect your ability to have children. Talk to your healthcare provider if you have concerns about fertility.

Females who are able to become pregnant:

Your healthcare provider will check to see if you are pregnant before you start taking XPOVIO. You should use effective birth control (contraception) during treatment with XPOVIO and for 1 week after your last dose. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you become pregnant or think you might be pregnant during treatment with XPOVIO.

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What support and resources are available?



A patient support program by Karyopharm dedicated to providing assistance and resources to patients and their caregivers for XPOVIO® (selinexor) treatment

KaryForward can help you with:



Access and Insurance Coverage

- Get help with the insurance process
- Arrange with the pharmacy to have XPOVIO sent directly to you



Financial Assistance

- If eligible, obtain XPOVIO at no cost to you
- If eligible, enroll in the Karyopharm Co-Pay program and pay as little as \$5 for each XPOVIO prescription



Support Resources

- Access a dedicated Nurse Case Manager who can help you better understand your treatment

Enroll today. Call 1-877-KARY4WD (1-877-527-9493), Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 8 PM ET, or visit [KaryForward.com](https://www.KaryForward.com).

Please see Important Safety Information throughout, and full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide.

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How do I take care of myself when I'm caring for someone taking XPOVIO® (selinexor)?

The physical and emotional demands of being a caregiver can take a toll over time



You may experience

- Exhaustion
- Getting sick more often
- Losing sleep
- Irritation



Tips for caring for yourself:

- Consider finding a support group online or in your local area, or connect with people who understand what you may be going through
- If you have questions or support needs, talk to the nurse, social worker, or your loved one's healthcare provider
- Consider practicing yoga or meditation to help relieve stress

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

Females who are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed:

Do not breastfeed during treatment with XPOVIO and for 1 week after your last dose of XPOVIO. It is not known if XPOVIO passes into your breast milk.

Males with female partners who are able to become pregnant should use effective birth control during treatment with XPOVIO and for 1 week after your last dose.

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What else should I know about caring for someone taking XPOVIO® (selinexor)?



When caring for a person taking XPOVIO, keep in mind:

- The dosing schedule for XPOVIO, dexamethasone, and anti-nausea medicine will be determined by the healthcare provider
- Call the healthcare provider if your loved one experiences any side effects
- The healthcare provider will do blood tests before your loved one starts taking XPOVIO, often during the first 2 months of treatment, and then as needed
- Encourage your loved one to drink lots of fluids and eat nutritious food while on XPOVIO

XPOVIO education starter kits are available for you and your loved one

If you have not received your kits, call KaryForward™ to request them today.
1-877-KARY4WD (1-877-527-9493), Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 8 PM ET

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. Talk with your healthcare provider before taking any new medicines.

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XPOVIO® (selinexor) is the first and only FDA-approved oral medicine of its kind

- Kills some cancer cells at the core
- May work when you've stopped responding to other treatments (lenalidomide, pomalidomide, bortezomib, carfilzomib, and daratumumab)
- Taken orally and travels through the body to fight relapsed refractory multiple myeloma
- Selinexor + dexamethasone is included in the NCCN Guidelines® as category 2A for patients who have received at least 4 prior therapies and whose disease is refractory to at least 2 PIs, at least 2 IMiDs, and an anti-CD38 mAb*

The most common side effects with XPOVIO were low platelet counts, tiredness, nausea, low red blood cell count (anemia), loss of appetite, weight loss, diarrhea, vomiting, decreased sodium levels in your blood, low white blood cell counts, constipation, shortness of breath, and infections.



Learn more at [XPOVIO.com](https://www.xpovio.com)



Get assistance and resources for XPOVIO treatment with the KaryForward™ program. Visit [KaryForward.com](https://www.karyforward.com) or call 1-877-KARY4WD (1-877-527-9493) Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 8 PM ET

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For more information, call 1-888-209-9326.
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